

Hybrid AI Certification Workflow

As described in IAC Abstract

Input

Goal:
To obtain data + Establish Context

Pre-Process

Goal:
To convert unstructured data to auditable facts and establish relationships between data for Knowledge Graphs

Process 1

Goal:
To set fundamentals for creating knowledge graphs by establishing relationships between components

Process 2

Goal:
To enable graphical representation, ensure compliance, and auditability

Basic Docs (including raw test data), process via LLMs

Questionnaire based on input doc to establish context

Extract Data such as component type, document revision number, and progress level

Suggest top 3 relevant categories that the tests come under, and user will select the most relevant

Named Entity Recognition:
Identify system components involved, parameters set, units, test cases, risks involved

Define relationship between recognized

Extract progress / create reference progress report.
Eg: Anomaly Detected, Doc Generated

Knowledge Graphs created are stored in a graph data base?

Set rules for maintaining compliance using rule engines.

Generate decision tree

LLM for structuring different input documents such as: Requirements doc, test plan docs, verification and validation docs, specification docs, etc.

Ask a questionnaire for correction purposes. Example, verification of document type, authors, date, etc.

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Must be able to represent these rules. Main purpose of rules is to identify violations in compliance

User can directly question logic of decision tree (via LLM); important for **back-tracking**. Helps add a layer of reliability in the automation process

Process 3

Goal:
To detect anomaly in component test or verification and predictive analysis to produce a PASS/FAIL result

Output

Goal:
Display final result while prioritizing traceability mapping, subsequently reliability

Anomaly Detection with ML, for component's test validation

Use historical data of parameters: Test coverage, Number of issues found, Design Maturity, etc to predict Test Pass/Fail

Section based or component based document generation as per global standards

Can display the decision tree on user request

Keywords

Adaptability of software: Rules and regulations may change over time. Software must be easy to use in such cases.

Context Setting via Questionnaire/MCQ: helps maintain a "User-in-the-loop" architecture
Knowledge Graph: for organizing data; A technical upper hand; and **maintains compliance** even during test validation

Decision Tree: Helps in back-tracking output. Must be displayed to user, for the "User-in-the-loop" architecture, as it helps with auditability

Hybrid AI: Includes LLMs as the interface, ML for anomaly detection and predictive analysis (certification PASS/FAIL detection)